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October 4, 1940

liniorandum for inc. clacce nr. e. a. tann

In conference with the Secretary of the Treasury this morning, he expressed his desire to concentrate intencely upon an inalysis and digest of the expenditures of the foreign imbassics and Consulates in the United States, particularly of the wife reserve. He stated he hadesignated by Samplian, of the Ceneral Counsel's office of the Treesury Repartment, to digest this material for him. He stated that Mr. Klaus for two years had been assigned to the Annemberg care, and worked in close collaboration with Mr. Campbell, United States Attorney at Chicago. He stated that Mr. Klaus is a man of extreme enthusiase and energy, and he wished to caution me that he might try to run the whole FBI if we permitted him to do so. He stated he was making the statement out of friendly caution because of the realousness and enthusiasm of Mr. Klaus, but there was no question that he was able and could get results.

I told the Corretary that we had just completed suggestion upon such information as we had obtained pertaining to the funds of the Cormen, Japanese, Itolian, French, and Russian Governments and that I would got in touch with it. Klaus within the next 24 hours so that he could so over this material and begin to putline his ideas so that we could pursue the natter further.

The Secretary stated he had in wind having Mr. Klaus prepare a digest which would roint out the legitimate attached of the Embassies and consulates, and those which are so-called "Illegitimate." He stated he beli-ved that if such a plature could be prepared, the President would demand that the curplus on "illegitim to" perconnel of those ogencies be withdrawn and returned to their countries. He stated he believed this plature can be obtained by scrutinizing the accounts and payments of these various agencies.

I would like to have ir. Clerg and Mr. Tama contact Mr. Klaus issediately and arrange for a conference with him so that this entire matter can be some over and I could have a picture of exactly what we have furnished him, with copies of the mesoranda recently prepared, and obtain from him any ideas which he would like to have followed out in this matter.

I want to extablish cordial, cooperative, and close relationship with him. It should be kept in mind that the secretary

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N. K.

Mr. Clogg Mr. E. A. Toma

- 2 _

October 4, 1940

indicated dr. Claus may be a rather difficult person to work with. I informed the decretary that I was quite certain we could get along with him; that all we were interested in was in obtaining the ultimate results, and that such irritation of personalities which arise during the course of the contact could be overlooked or expethed out, in my estimation.

Please keep me informed of the developments in this setter.

Vary truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum · UNITEL GOVERNMENT

DML:CSH

TO

O That A William En

MR. B. A. TANM

DATE

FROM

D. M. Ladd

July 4, 1944

SUBJECT:

Post-war Economy Plans, by Foreign Economic Administration

On July 3, 1944 Mr. Sam Klaus of the Treasury Department called at my office and advised that he was being loaned part-time to the Foreign Economic Administration to work in connection with post-war economy.

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Quinn Tamm
Sle, Room

He stated that following World War I. Germany was required to destroyand its armament, but was permitted to retain its factories for peacetime production, and the factories were so set up that they could be converted on short notice to war production; that certain of its industries were moved out of Germany in order that Germany's technicians could continue developing and working on war equipment; that this included the SKF factories, which were moved to Stockholm, and some airplane factories which were moved to the suburbs of Moscow; that other of its technicians were sent out to other countries for the purpose of working in war industries, such as airplane factories, et cetera, in order that they might keep abreast of developments in those fields, and that in connection with the post-war planning for the present war it is the desire of FEA to shut off the transferring of industry and technicians outside of Germany in order that they will not continue to receive the training and development which would permit them to return to Germany a few years after the peace and again start war production. To this end Mr. Klaus advised he is desirous of tracing the arrival of technicians, the transfer of German funds and German industry to other countries, and he stated this would be particularly true with regard to Argentina; that the FEA would like to receive reports indicating any influx of technicians or German industry into Argentina; further, that he would like to receive information concerning the connections of various prominent Germans in either the United States or Argentina. He stated he is going to compile a list of close contacts or friends of Dr. Schacht who are believed to be in the United States and that the FEA would like to receive information from the Bureau with reference to the activities of these individuals.

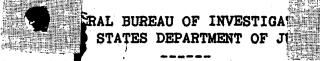
I told Mr. Klaus that the Bureau would, of course, furnish any such information which it wight receive to the FEA, and that when he furnished the list of close contacts of Dr. Scheht in this country inquiry would be made concerning their activities.

Mr. Klaus advised it is is plan to go to Europe in the near future, stopping in Lisbon, London and possibly in Italy, for the purposed of golds over with the FEA representatives them the type of information which he desires, and that when he does so he would like to also drop in and see the Bureau's lisison representatives in mose countries in order that he may advise them of the program which the FEC'ls undertaking.

I believe we should cooperate with Klaus and the FEArin this project.

MSEP LA 1941

y JPJ (FJB





August 14, 1944

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to: 62-60056-3

URGENT - CABLEGRAM - CIPHER PAD

UROENT

Mark.

Mr. H. J. Lynch Serial 383 Legal Attache out \$16/44 1:50 P. The American Embassy London, England

Mr. Dennis A. Flinn Serial 144
Legal Attache aut 8/16/44 2:057
The American Legation
Lasbon, Portugal

Mr. Frank G. Siscoe Serial 52 Legal Attache The American Rubassy out 8/16/44 1:03 F Medrid. Spain

SAM KLAUS, UNITED STATES TREASURY OFFICIAL, CONSULTANT TO FOREIGN ECONOMIC ADMINISTRATION ON TRIP TO EUROPE FOR FURPOSE OF CETAINING INFORMATION RELATIVE TO FLIGHT OF AXIS CAPITAL AND TRANSFERRING PARTIES AND TECHNICIANS FROM GERMANY. PURPOSE OF GERMAN ACTIVITY BELIEVED TO BE FOR PRESERVATION OF INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES IN PREPARATION FOR NEW WAR. BUREAU DESIRES YOU EXTEND COURTESIES TO KLAUS AND COOPERATE WITH HIM. FURNISH BUREAU WITH DETAILS OF ANY INFORMATION RELATIVE TO THIS PROJECT.

cc - European Desk Room 2242

SIS copy detached

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Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Coffey
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
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Tracy
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Quinn Tamm
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JPJ:FJS

Rederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Washington, A. C.

August 14, 1944

in the near future for the purpose of securing information concerning the flight of German capital, production facilities and technicians out of Germany. It will be remembered that Mr. Klaus stated that the FEA was interested in preventing a recurrence of German activity just prior to the end of World War I, at which time certain of Germany's industries were moved to neutral countries in order to pre-

BUY WAR

STAMPS

with Mr. Klaus in his office concerning this project, at which time he outlined Wellus stated at this time that he had the names and addresses of Bureau represenentirely upon the Bureau for information concerning this project in Latin America

Aires had been alerted to the possibility of German officials transferring funds to Argentina as a safe haven in preparation for Germany's downfall. He was also advised that this project would receive continued attention and that he would be promptly advised as to any results obtained from inquiries in Argentina.

In response to a request, Mr. Klaus promised that he would advise the Bureau of any information coming into his possession as a result of his activities in Europe which would give any indication as to the methods used in transferring capital or industrial "know-how" to Latin America. Mr. Klaus is in hopes that he will be able to obtain the assistance of all American Intelligence Agen-KECORDED (

FORVICTORY cies operating in Europe.

COPIES DESTROYED

82 OCT 28 1964

Mr. Tolson_ Mr. E. A. Tamm_ Mr. Clegg_ Mr. Coffey_ Mr. Glavin___ Mr. Ladd___ Mr. Nichols_ Mr. Rosen___ Mr. Tracy___ Mr. Acers Mr. Carson____ Mr. Harbo Mr. Hendon Mr. Mumford Mr. Starke___ Mr. Quinn Tamm_ Tele. Room___ Mr. Nease____

Miss Beahm Miss Gandy____

32 AUG 1 1944

Memorandum for Mr. E. A. Tamm

I have been advised that Mr. Klaus has reservations for leaving this country for London, England, aboard the Pan American Airways on Tuesday, August 15, 1914.

ACTION

The four Bureau Liaison Offices in Europe have been advised of the impending arrival of Mr. Klaus and they have been instructed to extend him any courtesies and cooperation possible. The Legal Attache in Buenos Aires, Argentina have been informed of the details of this project of FEA, and has been instructed to obtain the necessary coverage in order to learn of the German activities in this matter.

D. M. Ladd

Communication #408

Rose, Italy AT NO - August 21, 1944

MEMORANDUM TO THE DIRECTOR

RE: SAM KIAUS, United States Treesury Official

Reference: Bureau Wire concerning SAM KLAUS, dated August 17, 1944

The writer this date received the above wire, and will extend every courtesy possible to Mr. Klaus, such as arranging for billets, messing facilities and other personal needs.

The writer will introduce Mr. Klaus to persons who can be of assistance to him in his project, particularly one SANTORRE VEZZARI, who was an Italian Commercial Attache to Madrid, Spain, from July of 1941 to August of 1942. The writer will furnish to Mr. Klaus all information which he has which is in line with Mr. Klaus's project.

The writer will arrange for Mr. Klaus to give the writer copies of his reports.

Respectfully submitted,

Frank L. Amprim

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Europea

RDA:AK

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

April 10, 19

Transmit the following message to:

RECORDED

Mr. M. Jeseph Lynch Legal Attacks The American Mebassy London, England

'emgent carlegram Cipher Pad

SAMUEL KLAUS OF YEA DEPARTING FOR LONDON AND PARIS TO WORK ON HAVEN PROJECT. BE COURTROUS BUT EXTREMELY CIRCUMSPECT. ADVISE AYER AT

SIS COPINS

List Ct

E. A. Clegg

Rosen
Trapy
Mohr
Carson
Hendon
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50 APR 25 1945, 2/

fice Memorandum • united states government.

TO

Mr. D. M. Ladd/

DATE: April 7, 1945

FROM

J. C. Strickland \€

SAMUEL KLAUS_OF FEA DEPARTING FOR PARIS, FRANCE

Mr. Samuel Klaus telephonically informed Mr. Joseph Horn that he was leaving for the Continent of Europe and proceeding directly to Paris on an official mission for the Foreign Economic Administration. His work will relate to coordinating activities with regard to the safe haven project and obtaining data with regard to property held by enemy nationals in the United States.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that our people in France be notified to offer Mr. Klaus the usual cooperation.

Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Taum Mr. Clegg Mr. Coffey Mr. Glavin lfr. Ladd Mr. Michols Mr. Kosen lr. Tracy Mr. Mohr Mr. Carson Mr. Hendon Mr. Munford

Mr. Jones Mr. Quinn Tamm

Tele. Room Mr. Nease

Miss Beahm Miss Gandy th

Did You Happen to See

SAMUEL KLAUS?

A slim, dark eyed, moustached young 'man' sits 'watching the latest movie thriller about gaing sters, racket busters, spies and saboteurs and mumbles to himself, "That's certainly not the way it happens in real life."

He's Samuel Klaus, the movies of ting, mystery story loving, racket busting, spy-catching, superstead of the story of the

And when he goes to the movies, as he often does, the above scene frequently happens, much to the disappointment of this former chief troubleshooter of the Treasury Tenevitient.

this former chief troubleshooter of the Treasury Department.
"I spent two years in Chicago racket busting during Al Capone's days on loan from the Treasury to the U.S. Attorney's office there; And I never carried a gun, had threats made against my life, or a shot taken at me

"The gangsters weren't a bit like movie gangsters, and certainly weren't anything to be scared of. They considered themselves business men to whom getting caught was just one of the risks of the business."

"So long as you were a square shooter and were square with them, you weren't threatened with being taken for a ride, even though you were, so to speak, getting the goods on them.

"T've caught spies, too. And they weren't like the spies in movies," he adds, no doubt referring to his tracking down the German assets in this country before Pearl Harbor. Then later taking over the German-controlled companies for the Government, investigating them, and uncovering the spies in them.

Wirv. Brooklyn born, Sam



SAMUEL KLAUS

Klaus came to Washington 11 years ago to do a special three-months fob for the Treasury. To come, he took a leave of absence from the New York law firm he had been associated with since his graduation from Columbia University, where he was first in his class and later taught.

But he never went back, for he stayed on as special assistant to the general counsel of the Treasury for 10 years, being loaned out now and again to other Government agencies to do difficult jobs.

After being loaned out to Leo Crowley for a special job in Europe, Sam returned and became assistant general counsel for FEA in November. He's a bachelor because "no one asked him," and thinks now he'll stay on in Washington "forever."

EILEEN ETTEN.

Mr. Clevin

Mr. Clivin

Mr. Clivin

Mr. Latt

Mr. Tracv

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WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD December 14, 1944

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56 SEP 4 - 1946

	00-	247 Mr. Tolson
	-	Mr. E. A. Tamm
		Mr. Clegg
		Mr. Coffey
,		Mr. Glavin
		Mr. Ladd
		Mr. Nichols
•		Mr. Rosen
		Mr. Tracy
	` <u>,</u> }	Mr. Carson
		Mr. Egan
August 2,	7.01.6	Mr. Hendon
	, t	Mr. Pennington
MEMORANDUM	FOR MR. LADD	Mr. Quinn Tamm_
	3	Mr. Nease
	•	Miss Gandy
Mr. Roach has learned		wiss Gandy
	that Mr. Samuel Klaus	who is
working for Mr. Joseph Panuch of the	State Department, has in	his recent.
	highly critical of	the Pureus
He has informed Mr. Panuch		THE TRUE BASS
	Klaus is of the opi	nion that the
Bureau should supply all information	On Communist crowns Com	mintat aimpathinama
and related matters to the State Dep	artment for their residen	montae sympaentzers
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	Klaus has and	ued that under the back
Bureau's appropriation bill it is in	Intrad has are	b7D
all information to the State Department	ent that the Department d	orinos and that in
short "in such matters the Bureau is	working for the State De	pantmont il
determined that based on the	is theory that the Purepul	Le annuni sti one
call for such action, Klaus is contact	ting some of his friends	in the Purcou of
the Budget and has requested them to	make very minute evamination	tions of the
Bureau's appropriations to determine	Whether or not it would i	orons or one
force the Bureau to supply more info	mation to Klass and his	anona in the Gtete
Department.	. The court of the court of the court	ETERTS SHO III UNICE
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under the present procedure	the Bureauts supplying in	rformation in
given names is all that can be desired	ogs response publitating ri	mornaoron Th
	· — • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
stated that he des	sired to pass this informa	ation on tothe Rureau
feeling that it would be of vital in	erest.	OII M.WY DAT GGR
		
	Respectfully,	
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<i>*</i>		_	CC-247	Mr. Tolson
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The same of the sa		_		Mr. Coffey
				Mr. Glavin
				Mr. Ladd
				Mr. Nichols
	•			Mr. Rosen
	•			Mr. Tracy
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	August 1, 1946		,	Mr. Hendon
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	MEMORANDUM FOR	nina transamon	n De geraal de la de geraal de la de geraal de la de geraal de geraal de geraal de geraal de geraal de geraal Geraal de geraal de	Mr. Pennington
	MOUNTAIN MOUNTAIN	THE DIRECTOR	/N:	Mr. Quinn Tamm_
•			•	Mr. Neaseb6
Mr. Possi	has learned from unimpeach	Dia common dide	nd maldal	Miss Gandy
individuals	that there	some sources a	nd Leriab	b7D
Indxvidaarsi				ng circulated
made has been milet le	concerning the Director	r. dealing wit	u atteded	
made by him while o		¬ 	_	It is my belief
that the statements		nave gone b	eyond rum	or and can best
be classified as li				
rs the ind	ividual who is responsible :	for starting t	he false	statements indicated
Da				. —
Recentify	one of Mr. Roach's informant			
di concei en diver	LA LEGI	<u>"Hiss case ca</u>	me up. T	t was curing this
discussion that	7			that the
Director was not al	le or willing to back up the	_cases_submit	ted_to_th	e_State_Department.
8033 2003 200 200	sta	ated to those	at the co	nference that the
iollowing conversat	ion ensued when the Director	of the FBI c	alled on 1	Mr. Byrnes to
discuss the Hiss ca	se some time ago.			
Canadama Posses	1979.5			
Secretary Byrnes:	"Edgar, do you believe that	the intermeti		
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	would warrant my firing him	? Would you	under the	same cir-
	would warrant my firing him cumstances dismiss Hiss if	? Would you	under the	same cir-
	would warrant my firing him cumstances dismiss Hiss if	n? Would you he was an emp	under the loyee of	same cir- the FBI?"
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A second however, it is stat have their source we subsequent conference arose. A further recently when one of the relative	would warrant my firing him cumstances dismiss Hiss if "I don't know whether I would would suggest that Hiss not do a little more checking a develop. As you know, liberall kinds of trouble for the dismissed at this time." incident occurred which informate that they are of the firm ith the ce in at whether the informants was present.	he was an employed or not. As to be fired at and see what it or all and minor he State Departments he belief that the additional and this time a distribution of the additional and the	under the loyee of a matter this time if the same in t	of fact I Let us we can we can would raise Hiss were rumor and lies ated that at a of
A second however, it is state have their source we subsequent conference arose. A further recently when one of the relative he	would warrant my firing him cumstances dismiss Hiss if "I don't know whether I would would suggest that Hiss not do a little more checking a develop. As you know, liberall kinds of trouble for the dismissed at this time." incident occurred which infered that they are of the firm ith the ce in at whether the country of the country of the firm ith the ce in at whether the country of the firm ith the ce in the country of the firm ith the ce in	he was an employed or not. As to be fired at and see what it bral and minor he State Departments he belief that the from At this time a discontinuous At this time.	under the loyee of a matter this time if the same in t	same cirthe FBI?" of fact I Let us b6 n we can b7C s would raise b7D Hiss were rumor and lies ated that at a of was discussing to the informant

Memorandum for the Director

August 1, 1946

He further remarked that
The informants
who advised Mr. Roach of these facts stated that they the state-
ments were nothing but bold-faced lies but that notwithstanding this they
were not in a position to refute these statements in any place of authority, and that
The Decah wedness one to the duforments that the meaturements
Mr. Roach pointed out to the informants that the statements could not be properly classified as rumor and idle talk, but unadulterated lies, and
told the informants that such statements
OLG THE INITIALITIES CHAO SUCH STRUCTURE
<u> </u>
It was learned from further discussion with the informants that
apparently is being sold a bill of goods by a group of individuals
The following names were
given to indicate those individuals who are
b7D
May Clause 1/2 and April about to 1772 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Mr. Samuel Klaus, Assistant to William L. Langer, now handling intelligence matters at the State Department.
madders at the State Department.
Concerning the present activities of
informed Mr. Roach is doing everything in his power to
press up the
has even gone so far as to delegate authority to Sam Klaus
Some informed sources are of the opinion
that no action will be taken
The authenticity of this statement however is not known.
De one of the later
Respectfully,

RRR:VPS

	CC-247	Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tamm Mr. Clegg Mr. Coffey
	4y = "" - i	Mr. Glavin Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols
	п	Mr. Rosen
		Mr. Tracy *
		Mr. Carson
	•.	Mr. Egan Mr. Hendon
the contract of the contract o	, • •	Mr. Pennington
MEMORANDUM FOR	•	Mr. Quinn Tamm_
	•	Mr. Nease
		Miss Gandy
	9	
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ราวสงต์สัตโจ ฮอลี้M NO. 64 UNITED SameS GOVERNMEN DATE: September 12, 1946 FROM D. M. Ladd SUBJECT: SAMUEL KLAUS, JOSEPH PANUCH the following At the request of information was obtained by Mr. Roach **b**6 from whom Mr. Roach obtained this ment. b7C information stated that under no circumstances should any of the information be used outside the Bureau, which has its origin from AND THE OPERATION CONTAINED SAMUEL KLAUS BACKGROUND Mr. Klaus was born on August 29, 1904 at Brooklyn, New York. His father, Michael Klaus, was born in Russia, and immigrated to the United States on or about January 1, 1895. He was naturalized in the United States District Court, 14th District, New York, about January, 1903. That portion of Russia where Michael Klaus was born during the interbellum was Lithuania. N N S **EDUCATION** Klaus attended City College of New York and received his AB Degree He later attended Columbia Law School receiving his LL.B Degree From 1925 to 1928 he served as an assistant lecturer in law. in 1924. יו סביור זייסט סבט ייסט in 1927, EMPLOYMENT From June to December, 1928, Mr. Klaus was employed with the law firm of Sapiro and (Joseph) Aranon, 80 Broad Street, New York City. On December 1, 1928, he entered upon employment with the law firm of Chadbourne, Wallace, Burke and Whiteside, 25 Broadway, New York City. He remained at this employment until July 23, 1934. RECORDING On June 26, 1934, he entered on Daty with the Bhited States Treasury Department under the National Banking Emergency Act under Employery appointment as attorney at \$7,000 per annum in the Office of the General Counsel. extension of this temporary appointment he served continuously in that position until August 16, 1940, when he was promoted to Head Attorney, P-7 at \$7,500 per annum. On October 15, 1942, Mr. Klaus was put in a classified Civil Service position under the provisions of the Ramspect Act as Special Assistant to the General Counsel, P-7 at \$7,500 per annum. On November 15, 1944 he voluntarily resigned to accept the position of Assistant General Counsel, P-8. \$8,000 per annum in the Foreign Economic Administration. During his tenure in the Treasury Department he was accepted as a protege of the former Secretary of the Treasury, the Honorable Henry Morgenthau, Jr. He engaged

Memorandum for the Director

in various types of special assignements, including the handling of tax fraud prosecutions and other assignements directed from the General Counsel's or the Secretary's Office.

Under Executive Order 9630, Mr. Klaus was transferred from the Foreign Economic Administration to the State Department, P-8, as a Special Assistant on October 21, 1945. He presently holds this position.

PASSPORT RECORD

Passport No. 398208 was issued to Mr. Klaus on June 4, 1931 at New York City, valid for a visit of approximately two months to Germany, Switzerland, France and Austria.

Passport No. 8768 was issued to Mr. Klaus on June 26, 1933 at New York City, valid for travel in France, England, U.S.S.R. and Poland.

Passport No. 231718 was issued on July 26, 1935 at New York City, valid for travel to Switzerland, Italy, France and England.

Passport No. 585 was issued to Mr. Klaus on July 23, 1937 at Washington. D. C., no destination indicated.

Special passport No. 39822 was issued to Mr. Klaus on August 10, 1944 at Washington, D. C., valid for travel to the United Kingdom, Sweden, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, North Africa, as "Government Official". This same passport was revalidated on April 6, 1945 for travel to the United Kingdom as "F.E.A. Official". The first trip made abroad on this passport was in connection with the initiation of the Safe-haven Program sponsored by the Treasury Department, F.E.A. and State Department.

GENERAL INFORMATION

There is no record of Mr. Klaus in the Dies Committee file. He has one sister, Ida Klaus, presently residing at 401 23rd Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

In filling out one of his applications for Federal employment, Mr. Klaus listed the following as references: Federal Judge William J. Campbell, U. S. District Court, Chicago, Illinois; Henry Morgenthau, Jr., former Secretary of the Treasury; Joseph J. O'Connell, General Counsel, Treasury Department; John C. Wiley, American Ambassador to Colombia, and William O. Bouglas, Justice, United States Supreme Court. All of these individuals when interviewed, with the exception of John C. Wiley, who was not contacted, recommended Mr. Klaus highly from every standpoint.





Memorandum for the Director

OTHER Order of Settlement & Dismissal 10/13/89

It is reported but not confirmed that Klaus is a member of or connected in some manner with the Anti-Defamation League.

Klaus has authored a number of publications dealing with law and sociology and considers himself an authority on the liberal movement.

JOSEPH PANUCH

He attended St. Joseph's Academy in New York City, which institution is now defunct. At the age of 14 (1913) he entered Fordham Prep School, at which time it was indicated he was born in 1899, however, the place and the exact date were not indicated. The bills for tuition and other charges were to be forwarded to Mrs. M. Panuch Cardine. After attending Fordham Prep School he entered Fordham College and took a general course.

After completion of his work at Fordham, he entered Columbia Law School and received his LL.B Degree in 1925. The records of that institution indicate that he was born in Praha, Czechoslovakia, however, detailed information is not contained in the records of the Admission Office. After graduating from law school and in most recent years it is understood that he worked for a law firm with offices at 120 Broadway, New York City. His first Federal employment is believed to be the Office of War Mobilization. He subsequently transferred to the Foreign Economic Administration and was then brought into the State Department.

Additional information concerning Mr. Panuch is not available, however, it may be of interest to note that he is single and resides at the Statler Hotel. It is understood that from time to time he has made official information available to This, however, cannot be confirmed.

RRR:OME

September 26. 1946

BAC. Washington

Director, FBI

62-60056-15

BECOKIJIM KLAUS Special inquire

You are requested to immediately institute a most discrept inquiry into the present activities and nationalistic sympathies of Sexuel Maus. In this connection the Eureau desires to know with whom Mr. Klaus most frequently associates, his membership in organizations if any, and the loyalty of his sister Ida Klaus. In this inquiry the Washington Field Division is to confine itself to established reliable confidential informants. Should any doubt exist whether an individual is to be contacted to obtain the desired information, that doubt should be resolved in favor of not conducting the interview. There is set out below a sussary of information available to the Buresu concerning the activities and background of Samuel Mans.

Samuel Maus was born August 29, 1904, in Brooklyn, New York; his father, Michael Klaus was born in Russia and came to the United States during January, 1895. Idchsel Klaus was naturalised in the United States District Court, 14th District of New York, on or about Jamuary 1, 1903. Samuel Maus attended the College of the City of New York and received an A.B. Degree from that institution in 1924. He later attended Columbia Law School, receiving his LL.B. Degree in 1927.

From 1925 until 1928, Mans served as an assistant lecturer in law at Columbia University. During 1928 Klaus was employed with the law figs of Sapiro and Aranon of New York City. Between 1928 and 1934 Klams was employed by the law firm then known as Chadbourne, Wallace, Burke and Whiteside of New York City. During 1935 Klaus entered on duty with the United States Tressury Department and has been continuously employed by the Federal Covernment since that date. He has served in the Foreign Economic Administration and is presently. employed as a Special Assistant in the Department of State. Maus was last " reported as residing at 2737 Devoushire Place, N.W., Washington, D. C. A sister. Ida Klaus, of Kashington, D. C. has been reported to be a Communist Parts sympathizer.

Information has been received that Slaus travelled extensively in Burope and on June 26, 1933, received a passport valid for travel to Soviet Bussia. This passport was issued in New York City.

The New York Aeld Division should endeavor to ascertain from reliable Mr. Rolson contacts and acquaintances, if any, in that city. An effort should be made br. Clear to verify Klaus' birthdate and the natural institution. to verify Klaus' birthdate and the naturalization of his father. The reputation ir dlavin
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ir Quin Tann Glavir Tadd nationalistic sympathies of any relatives or close acquaintances still open residing in New York City should be determined. If possible it should be determined.

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discreetly ascertained whether Mans in 1933 did actually travel to missia and if he did what the purpose of the trip was, with whom he travelled and who m he contacted in that country. As set out above, the Washington Meld Division will attempt to obtain the same information in Washington, D. C. Both Field Divisions must be particularly alert to the fact that Samuel Mans is presently employed in an important position with the Department of State. Great care should be exercised to avoid revealing the Bureau's interest in Mans.

co - New York

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United Stres Government

TO

The Director

FROM:

D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT:

SAMUET KLAUS

DATE: September 13, 1916,

Mr. Can Mr. Can Mr. Egy Mr. Boy Mr. Bo

Pursuant to your request there is set out below a summary of the see activities and background appearing in the Bureau files concerning the captioned individual.

Background

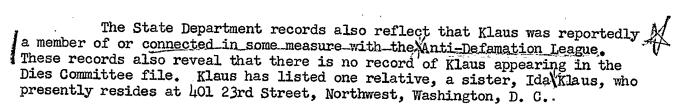
The following information was obtained from confidential records in the Department of State. Samuel Klaus was born August 29, 1904, at Brooklyn, New York. His father Michael Klaus was born in Russia and came to the United States on or about January 1, 1895. He was naturalized in the United States District Court, Lith District of New York, in approximately January of 1903. Klaus attended the College of the City of New York and received an A.B. degree from that institution in 1924. He later attended Columbia Law School, receiving his LL.B degree in 1927.

From 1925 until 1928 Klaus served as an assistant lecturer in law at that university. During 1928 Klaus was employed with the law firm of Sapiro Aranon of New York City. Between 1928 and 1934 Klaus was employed by the law firm of Chadbourne, Wallace, Burke and Whiteside of New York City. On June 26, 1935, Klaus entered on duty with the United States Treasury Department under the National Banking Emergency Act with a temporary appointment as an attorney in the office of the General Counsel. By extension of this appointment he served continously in that position until August 16, 1940, when he was appointed as Principal Attorney at an annual salary of \$7500. In November, 1944, Klaus voluntarily resigned to accept the position of Assistant General Counsel with the Foreign Economic Administration. During his tenure in the Treasury Department he was considered a protege of the former Secretary of the Treasury Department, Henry Morgenthau, Jr., and he handled various types of special assignments, including the handling of tax fraud prosecutions which were directed by the General Counsels or Secretaries. On October 21, 1945, Klaus was transferred from the Foreign Economic Administration to the State Department as a Special Assistant. He presently holds this position.

A review of the passport record applicable to Samuel Klaus reveals that on five different occasions Klaus has traveled to Europe. Between 1931 and 1945 he had visited Germany, Switzerland, France, and Austria, as well as England, Poland, and Soviet Russia. The passport valid for travel to Soviet Russia was issued to Klaus on June 26, 1933, at New York City. His last trip to Europe was made during August, 1944, when, as a representative of the Foreign Economic Administration, he traveled to Europe in connection with the "Safe Haven Program." This program was a joint project sponsored by the Treasury Department, State Department, and the Foreign Economic Administration and was an effort to trace the flight of German capital and industrialists.

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Five- Just



The State Department files also contain a statement to the effect that Klaus is the author of a number of publications dealing with law and sociology and that he consideres himself an authority on the liberal movement

X

The Bureau's source of information in the Department of State has requested that the above information be retained as confidential and that under no circumstances should it be disseminated outside the Bureau.

Activities

a former informant of the Bureau, by memorandum dated advised that he had been present at a dance held at the Washington Hotel Ballroom on May 7, 1937. This dance was sponsored by the Washington, D. C., Women's Committee to Aid Children of Spanish Democracy. The informant observed one give Tda Klaus certain mimeographed material. He referred to as a government employee who was probably a Communist Party leader in Washington, D. C., and to Ida Klaus as a sister of Sam Klaus. According to the informant	V.
described Sam Klaus as a be	5
brilliant attorney who had formerly been employed by a reputable law firm in b7	-
1001 1041 0409	7 D
Party functionary in Washington, D. C. The informant advanced no proof for this belief.	

By letter dated October 18, 1939, the Chicago Field Division advised that Sam Klaus was an employee of the Treasury Department who had been assigned to assist the United States Attorney in Chicago in the investigation of the Anti-Trust case in which Moses L. Annenberg was the subject.

possessing an unimposing court room demeanor and an objectionable personality.



OTHER Order of Settlement & Dismissal 10/13/89

During January, 1941, the Bureau learned that Sam Klaus, who was then connected with the Treasury Department, had probably written a letter to Customs officers in Texas reprimanding them for furnishing information on foreign fund exchanges to the Bureau rather than referring it directly to the Treasury Department.

			_
	In January, 1942,	reported that	
e).	had told him he considered	Mr. E. A. Tamm and you to be a menace to the liberals	2 D
ľ	of this country.	lindicated to the informant that Sam Klaus was being \	10
ı	time received thi	ersonally check into Mr. Tamm's activities. At the	
1	**************************************	<u> </u>	

You will recall that following a discussion with the then Secretary of the Treasury, Henry A. Morgenthau, Jr., you ordered the establishment in the Bureau of the Foreign Funds Control Unit to work in collaboration with the Treasury Department. At that time Mr. Morgenthau appointed Sam Klaus as liaison man with the Bureau in this project. Mr. Morgenthau advised you that Klaus was an able and efficient employee of the Treasury Department but a man whose personality was such that it was difficult to work with him. Between 1940 and September, 1943, Klaus was in frequent contact with Bureau agents in connection with the foreign funds control program. By memorandum dated September 21, 1943, you were advised by Assistant Director D. M. Ladd that Klaus was terminating his activities as liaison agent to the Bureau and that during the period in which he had been active, he had been found in general to be most cooperative and helpful to Bureau personnel. The files reveal numerous references to Klaus which indicate that he furnished considerable information from time to time to the Bureau.

By memorandum dated August 2, 1946, Special Agent Roach advised that he had learned from that Sam Klaus

had in a recent conversation been highly critical of the Bureau. Klaus reportedly stated that the Bureau was delinquent in its duties in supplying information concerning Communist activities to the State Department. He reportedly stated that under the present procedure the Bureau is supplying only that information which it desires the State Department to have. Klaus allegedly was of the opinion that the Bureau should supply all information on Communist groups and sympathizers to the State Department for review by that Department. Klaus allegedly has argued that under the Bureau's appropriation bill it is incumbent upon the FBI to supply any and all information to the State Department which that Department desires and that, in short, in such matters the FBI is working for the State Department. At this time Klaus was reportedly contacting certain of his friends in the Bureau of the Budget and requesting them to make a very minute examination of the Bureau's appropriations to determine whether or not it would be possible to force the FBI to supply more information to Klaus and his group in the Department of State. It was allegedly Klaus' contention that the Bureau's appropriation requires the Bureau to perform such activity for the State Department.

> to land might very well won't to lanow all varien of his own subversige connections. He should get not ling. &.

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During August, 1946, the Bureau considered sending for Klaus and discussing this matter in detail with him but this plan was dropped when it became apparent that such action on the Bureau's part would prove who were the sources of

b6 b7C

information in this matter.

The Bureau never has conducted an investigation into the activities of this individual.

I think me should make a confidential check on him in view of his back - ground & connections.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 8

Page 12 ~ Referral/Direct

Page 13 ~ Referral/Direct

Page 17 ~ Referral/Direct

Page 19 ~ Referral/Direct

Page 35 ~ Duplicate

Page 36 ~ Duplicate Page 37 ~ Duplicate

Page 38 ~ Duplicate